

### POLYNOMIALS AND EQUATIONS TEST – 3º ESO

**Exercise 1: (1 point)** Evaluate the polynomial  $P(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 2$  when:

- a)  $x = 2 \rightarrow P(2) = 12$   
b)  $x = -1 \rightarrow P(-1) = 0$

**Exercise 2: (2 points)** Expand using quadratic multiplication formulas:

- a)  $(5x-1)^2 = 25x^2 - 10x + 1$   
b)  $(2v+3w)^2 = 4v^2 + 12vw + 9w^2$   
c)  $(7a-3)(7a+3) = 49a^2 - 9$   
d)  $(2x^5 - x^3)^2 = 4x^{10} - 4x^8 + x^6$

**Exercise 3: (1.5 points)** Solve the following second degree equations without using the formula:

- a)  $28x^2 - 7 = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1/2$   
b)  $25x^2 - 9 = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 3/5$   
c)  $8x^2 + 6x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0 \quad x = -3/4$

**Exercise 4: (2 points)** Solve the following second degree equations:

- a)  $x^2 - 9x + 8 = 0 \rightarrow x = 1 \quad x = 8$   
b)  $x^2 - 4x + 4 = 0 \rightarrow x = 2 \text{ double}$   
c)  $6x^2 - 11x - 10 = 0 \rightarrow x = 5/2 \quad x = -2/3$   
d)  $x^2 + 4x = 5x + 6 \rightarrow x = 3 \quad x = -2$

**Exercise 5: (1 point)** Find the dimensions of a triangle if the base is 7 cm longer than the altitude and its area measures  $85 \text{ cm}^2$  The base is 17 cm long and the altitude measures 10 cm

**Exercise 6: (1 point)** Solve the equation  $\frac{(x-2)^2}{4} = x+1 \rightarrow x = 0 \quad x = 8$

**Exercise 7: (1.5 points)** Factor out these expressions taking out common factors and using quadratic multiplication formulas:

- a)  $2x^4 - 28x^3 + 98x^2 = 2x^2(x-7)^2$   
b)  $a^3b - 9ab^3 = ab(a-3b)(a+3b)$

