

## REAL NUMBERS AND POLYNOMIALS TEST - 4° ESO



Exercise 1: (1 point) The La Palma volcano expels 2710 tons of sulfur dioxide every day. Knowing that the eruption has been going on for 39 days:

- a) How many kilos of sulfur dioxide have been thrown to the atmosphere? Use scientific notation  $1.06 \cdot 10^8 \text{ kg}$
- b) Find the percentage error if I approximate the total expelled amount of sulfur dioxide to one hundred thousand tons  $E_p = 5.38\%$

Exercise 2: (1.5 points)

- a) Find the value ok k so that when dividing  $P(x) = x^3 kx^2 + 19x 10$  by (x-3) the remainder is -7 k=9
- b) Divide  $(x^4 3x^2 + 5x 2) : (x^2 3x)$

Quotient:  $x^2 + 3x + 6$ Remainder: 23x - 2

Exercise 3: (3 points) Factorize these polynomials and indicate their roots:

a) 
$$P(x) = x^5 - x^4 - 26x^3 + 26x^2 + 25x - 25$$

Roots: x = 1 double, x = -1,  $x = \pm 5$ 

Factorization:  $(x-1)^2(x+1)(x+5)(x-5)$ 

b) 
$$P(x) = x^4 + 6x^3 + 14x^2 + 54x + 45$$

Roots: x = -1, x = -5

Factorization:  $(x+1)(x+5)(x^2+9)$ 

c) 
$$P(x) = x^5 + x^4 - 4x^3 - 4x^2$$

Roots: x = 0 double, x = -1,  $x = \pm 2$ 

Factorization:  $x^2(x+1)(x+2)(x-2)$ 

Exercise 4: (1.25 points) Rationalize the following expressions:

a) 
$$\frac{14}{\sqrt[5]{7^3}} = 2\sqrt[5]{7^2}$$

b) 
$$\frac{15}{\sqrt{3}} = 5\sqrt{3}$$

c) 
$$\frac{3+\sqrt{7}}{3-\sqrt{7}} = 8+3\sqrt{7}$$



<u>Exercise 5:</u> (1 point) Study the following unions and intersections of intervals and write them as inequalities too:

a) 
$$(-6,-2] \cup [-4,0) = (-6,0) \rightarrow -6 < x < 0$$
  
b)  $[-1,3] \cap [3,7) = \{3\} \rightarrow x = 3$ 

Exercise 6: (2.25 points) Work out, express as a single radical and simplify if possible:

a) 
$$\sqrt[7]{x^2} : \sqrt{x^{-1}} \cdot \sqrt[5]{x^{-10}} = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \sqrt[14]{\frac{1}{x^3}}$$
 (0.5)

b) 
$$4\sqrt{75} + 5\sqrt{243} - 2\sqrt{48} = 57\sqrt{3}$$
 (0.75)

c) 
$$\frac{\sqrt[5]{a^{-4}} \cdot \sqrt[7]{b^{-5}}}{\sqrt{b \cdot a^{-2}}} = \frac{1}{b} \cdot \sqrt[70]{\frac{a^{14}}{b^{15}}}$$
 (1)

